# ANALYZING TWITTER SENTIMENT AROUND A PRODUCT LAUNCH USING NLP TECHNIQUES

# **Executive Summary**

This case study demonstrates how Natural Language Processing (NLP) can be used to analyze public sentiment on Twitter regarding a recent product launch. It walks students through tweet extraction, text preprocessing, sentiment classification using Vader/TextBlob, visualization of results, and interpretation of public perception trends over time. The project helps learners apply real-world text data to business analysis scenarios.

## 1. Introduction

Understanding how people feel about a product launch is critical for marketing and reputation management. With platforms like Twitter offering real-time public opinion, NLP tools allow companies to monitor sentiment and adapt strategies accordingly. This project helps students gain hands-on experience with text mining, sentiment analysis, and exploratory data storytelling.

## 2. Problem Statement

Analyze the sentiment of tweets containing a given product name or hashtag within a 7-day window before and after its launch. Determine how public sentiment trends shifted and identify key words driving negative or positive responses.

## 3. Dataset Overview

- Source: Live tweets using Tweepy API or sample from Kaggle
- Size:  $\sim 10,000$  tweets
- Fields:
  - o tweet text
  - o created at
  - username
  - retweets
  - likes

# 4. Methodology

#### **Step 1: Data Collection (optional live version)**

```
import tweepy
api.search_tweets(q="#ProductX", lang="en", count=100)
Or load from sample CSV.
```

#### **Step 2: Preprocessing**

- Lowercase text
- Remove URLs, mentions, hashtags, punctuation
- Tokenize and remove stopwords
- Apply lemmatization

#### **Step 3: Sentiment Scoring**

#### **Option 1: Using TextBlob**

from textblob import TextBlob

```
def get_sentiment(text):
    score = TextBlob(text).sentiment.polarity
    if score > 0: return 'Positive'
    elif score < 0: return 'Negative'
    else: return 'Neutral'</pre>
```

#### **Option 2: Using Vader**

from vaderSentiment.vaderSentiment import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer analyzer = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()

## 5. Results and Interpretation

### **Sentiment Distribution**

Sentiment	Count	Percentage

Positive	4,170	41.7%
Neutral	3,150	31.5%
Negative	2,680	26.8%

#### **Launch Impact**

- Before Launch: Mostly curiosity, neutral or mildly positive
- After Launch: Spike in negative sentiment tied to delivery delays and pricing
- Top Positive Words: "smooth", "love", "fast", "innovation"
- Top Negative Words: "late", "overpriced", "buggy", "disappointed"

## 6. Visualizations

- Pie chart of sentiment categories
- Line plot of daily sentiment changes
- Word cloud for positive and negative tweets
- Bar chart for most frequent complaint terms

## 7. Conclusion

NLP sentiment analysis effectively captured the shift in public mood around the product launch. This kind of analysis supports PR, sales, and product teams with data-driven insights. The case study demonstrates how students can turn unstructured data into actionable business intelligence.

# 8. Learning Outcomes for Students

- Perform text preprocessing for NLP tasks
- Apply lexicon-based sentiment classifiers
- Create time-based sentiment trend plots
- Translate NLP findings into business narratives

# 9. Suggested Enhancements

- Build sentiment timeline dashboards in Tableau or Power BI
- Apply topic modeling (LDA) to identify underlying themes

- Train a custom classifier (Naive Bayes, SVM) using labeled tweets
- Integrate with Slack to send alerts on sentiment spikes

## 10. References

- Bird, Klein, & Loper. Natural Language Processing with Python
- Vader Sentiment Docs
- TextBlob Documentation
- Twitter API v2 Docs
- Kaggle: Twitter Sentiment Analysis Datasets

